EHCP Reviews



EHC plans have to be reviewed at least once a year. For children under 5 years, EHC Plans should be reviewed every 3 – 6 months.

Step 1. Gathering information.

It will usually be the school that arranges the annual review. They must gather advice and information beforehand from everyone who will be invited to the review meeting.

They **must** write to you and your child, inviting you to share your views wishes and feelings.

There is a PowerPoint template on our website to help a child or young person share their views. This could be sent to the school and LA in advance and your child could present it with your support or the support of a friend at the review meeting.

Young people might like to download a free Mind of My Own App (called Momo One). This prepares their information in the form of a PDF which can be emailed to the LA.

Step 2. Sending Invitations.

The following people **must** be invited, with at least two weeks' notice: you and your child, a representative from the school, a Local Authority Family Services Coordinator and representatives from both the health service and social care. (SEND Code 9.176)

Other relevant people should also be invited, depending on your circumstances. The school **must** seek advice and information about your child from all parties invited and circulate any information gathered at least two weeks before the meeting. (SEND Code 9.176)

It is helpful if your child is included in this preparation as much as possible. Could your child send out the invitations and decide what snacks/drinks will be made available at the review?

Step 3. The Review Meeting.

The Annual Review meeting *should* be held in the style of a Person-Centred Planning Meeting with your child at the heart. It **must** support you and your child to be fully involved.

The SEND Code of Practice says:

Reviews **must** be undertaken in partnership with the child and their parent or the young person, and **must** take account of their views, wishes and feelings, including their right to request a Personal Budget. (SEND Code 9.168)

EHCP Reviews



Reviews **must** focus on the child or young person's progress towards achieving the outcomes specified in the EHC plan. The review **must** also consider whether these outcomes and supporting targets remain appropriate. (SEND Code 9.166)

Reviews should also:

- Be combined with social care plan reviews
- Gather information that will support your child's learning and progress
- Review any interim targets set by the school
- Make sure that the support being provided is effective across all services
- Look at whether any changes are needed to the outcomes or the support being provide
- Agree new outcomes for the coming year

Step 4. The Review Meeting Report.

The school or review meeting host must prepare and send a report of the meeting to everyone invited **within two weeks** of the meeting, explaining any suggested changes to the EHC plan and pointing out any areas of disagreement. (SEND Code 9.176)

Step 5. The LA Decision

Your Local Authority **must tell you within four weeks** of the review meeting whether to: keep the EHC plan as it is: amend/change it; or say it's no longer needed. (SEND Code 9.176) If they decide to amend the plan, they must send you a copy of the current plan, explaining any suggested changes and giving any supporting evidence. (SEND Code 9.194)

You have 15 days to respond and you can request a meeting with the Local Authority.

If your Local Authority decides to amend the plan, they have **eight weeks** from when they suggested changes to issue the new amended plan. If they decide not to make any changes, they must tell you, with their reasons, also within eight weeks.

Young People over 18 years.

There is no right for a young person with an EHC plan to stay in education or training once she is 19. However, a Local Authority should maintain an EHC plan if: the learning outcomes in the plan have not yet been achieved, and; the young person wants to continue in education or training, **including provision to help them prepare for adulthood**, and; the young person still needs special educational provision, and; continuing in education or training will enable the young person to progress and achieve those outcomes.